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 A coating (8), particularly for a cutting tool, comprising

a wear-protection layer (9) having a metalliccrystalline structure,

a top layer (12) having a limited adhesion to the wear-protection layer (9) and/or

a separating layer (11) applied to at least one portion of the wear-protection layer (9) and arranged between the wear-protection layer (9) and the top layer (12); the separating layer (11) limits the adhesion of the top layer (12) to the wear-protection layer (9).

- 2. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that on the separating layer (11) a top layer (12) is disposed which is preferably a decorative layer.
- 3. The coating as defined in claim 2, characterized in that the top layer (12) has a color which perceptively differs from the color of the wear-protection layer (9).
- 4. The coating as defined in claim 2, characterized in that the top layer (12) is a ZrC, CrC, ZrN, CrN, TiN, a TiC, a HfC or a HfN layer.
- 5. The coating as defined in claim 2, characterized in that the top layer (12) has a metallic-crystalline structure.

- 6. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) has a structure which is not metallic-crystalline.
- 7. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) is an oxide layer containing at least one metal of a side group of the chemical periodic system of elements.
- 8. The coating as defined in claim 7, characterized in that the metal (M) is an element of the IV^{th} side group and is preferably titanium or zirconium.
- 9. The coating as defined in claim 7, characterized in that the metal (M) is an element of the V^{th} side group.
- 10. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) contains or is a chemical compound with a preponderantly covalent bond.
- 11. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) is strongly nonstoichiometrically composed.
- 12. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) is a strongly stressed layer.
- 13. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer (11) has an inner stress which significantly differs from the inner stress of the wear-protection layer and the top layer (12).

- 14. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer is a DLC layer.
- 15. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the separating layer is an MoS_2 layer.
- 16. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the wear-protection layer (9) is a TiAlN layer or a CrAlN layer.
- 17. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the wear-protection layer (9) has a singlelayer structure.
- 18. The coating as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the wear-protection layer (9) has a multi-layer structure.
- 19. The use of a coating, as defined in one of the foregoing claims, on a cutting tool comprising a basic body (7) made of a hard material.
- 20. A method as defined in claim 19, characterized in that the wear-protection layer (9) is provided at least on a clearance surface (3) and at least on a rake surface (4), while the top layer (12) does not cover or only partially covers the clearance surface (3) and/or the rake surface (2).
- 21. A method of making a cutting tool, first applying in a PVD coating process a coating to a basic body (7) in a layer sequence according to one of claims 1 to 18, and subsequently removing the top layer (12)

- from selected upper surface portions by a mechanical abrading process.
- 22. The method as defined in claim 21, characterized in that the top layer (12) is removed by a sandblasting process.
- 23. The method as defined in claim 21, characterized in that all the layers of the coating (8) are applied in a single PVD process.